## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- (Cancelled)
- (Cancelled)
- (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection, comprising: at a head end node: node connected to a first and a second transmission ring;

feeding all traffic on two each of the first and the second transmission rings; and summing all traffic received on the two first and the second transmission rings;

at a <u>plurality of remote nodes</u>: <u>nodes</u>, <u>each of the plurality of remote nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;</u>

when a remote node detects a facility failure on one of the two a faulty transmission rings; ring,

transmitting forward alarm signals on the one faulty transmission ring and return alarm signals on the other a non-faulty transmission ring; and

globally selecting the one faulty transmission ring to transmit traffic to the head end node and the other non-faulty transmission ring to receive traffic from the head end node; and when a remote node receives a forward alarm signal.

passing the forward alarm signal on the <u>faulty</u> transmission <del>ring on which the forward alarm signal was received;</del> ring; and

globally selecting the <u>faulty</u> transmission ring <del>on which the forward alarm signal was received</del> to transmit traffic and the <del>other</del> <u>non-faulty</u> transmission ring to receive traffic from the head end node

 (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, further comprising: when a remote node receives a return alarm signal. passing the return alarm signal on the <u>non-faulty</u> transmission <del>ring on which the return</del> <del>alarm signal was received;</del> ring; and

globally selecting the <u>non-faulty</u> transmission ring <del>on which the return alarm signal was received</del> to transmit traffic to the head end node and <del>one <u>cither</u> of the two first and the second</del> transmission rings to receive traffic from the head end node.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein when a remote node detects a facility failure on one of the two a faulty transmission rings ring comprises when a remote node receives a ring level failure alarm on one either of the two first and the second transmission rings.
- (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising: at the head end node, terminating received forward and return alarm signals.
- (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection at a remote node in a dual fed network; comprising:

detecting detecting, at a remote node in a dual fed network, a facility failure on a first a faulty transmission ring; ring, the dual fed network having a first transmission ring and a second transmission ring and the remote node independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;

transmitting a forward alarm signal on the <u>first faulty</u> transmission ring and transmitting a return alarm signal on a <u>second non-faulty</u> transmission ring;

globally selecting the first faulty transmission ring to transmit traffic to a head end node; and

globally selecting the second non-faulty transmission ring to receive traffic from the head end node.

- (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising:
   wherein the head end node sums traffic from the first and second transmission rings.
- (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising: wherein, the head end node terminates received forward and return alarm signals.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein detecting a facility failure on a
  first faulty transmission ring comprises receiving a ring level failure alarm on a first the faulty
  transmission ring.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection at a remote node in a dual fed network, comprising:

detecting detecting, at a remote node in a dual fed network, a forward alarm signal on a first faulty transmission ring; ring, the dual fed network having a first transmission ring and a second transmission ring and the remote node independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;

passing the forward alarm signal on the first faulty transmission ring;

globally selecting the first faulty transmission ring to transmit traffic to a head end node; and

globally selecting the second a non-faulty transmission ring to receive traffic from the head end node.

- (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising:
   wherein the head end node sums traffic from the first and second transmission rings.
- (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising: wherein, the head end node terminates received forward alarm signals.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection at a remote node in an access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on a first and a second transmission ring to a plurality of remote nodes, the method comprising:

when one of the a plurality of remote nodes in an access network receives a return alarm signal, signal on a first transmission ring, the access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on the first transmission ring and a second transmission ring to the plurality of remote nodes and each of the plurality of remote nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic,

passing the return alarm signal on the <u>first</u> transmission <del>ring on which the return alarm</del> signal was received; ring; and

globally selecting the <u>first</u> transmission ring <del>on which the return alarm signal was received</del> to transmit traffic to the head end node and one of the first <u>transmission ring</u> or <u>the</u> second transmission <del>rings</del> ring to receive traffic from the head end node.

15. (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection at a remote node in an access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on a first and a second transmission ring to a phrality of remote nodes, the method comprising:

when the a remote node in an access network receives a forward alarm signal, signal on a faulty transmission ring, the access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on a first and a second transmission ring to a plurality of remote nodes and each of the plurality of remote nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic,

passing the forward alarm signal on the <u>faulty</u> transmission <del>ring on which the forward alarm signal was received; ring;</del> and

globally selecting the <u>faulty</u> transmission ring <del>on which the forward alarm signal was</del>

received to transmit traffic to the head end node and <del>the other</del> <u>a non-faulty</u> transmission ring to

receive traffic from the head end node.

 (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection in an asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) synchronous optical ring network, the method comprising:

at a central unit: unit in an asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) synchronous optical ring network connected to a first and a second transmission ring;

feeding all traffic on two each of the first and the second transmission rings; and summing all traffic received on the two first and the second transmission rings; at a plurality of remote units: units, each of the plurality of remote units independently

making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;

when one of the plurality of remote units detects a facility failure on one of the two a

faulty transmission rings, ring,

transmitting forward alarm signals on the one of the two faulty transmission rings ring and return alarm signals on the other of the two a non-faulty transmission rings, ring, wherein the forward and return alarm signals are ATM level operations, administration and maintenance cells; and

globally selecting the one of the two faulty transmission rings ring to transmit traffic to the central unit and the other of the two non-faulty transmission rings ring to receive traffic from the central unit; and

when one of the plurality of remote units receives a forward alarm signal,

passing the forward alarm signal on the one of the two faulty transmission rings ring on which the forward alarm signal was received; ring; and

globally selecting the one of the two faulty transmission rings ring on which the forward alarm signal was received to transmit traffic and the other of the two non-faulty transmission rings ring to receive traffic from the central unit.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, further comprising: when one of the plurality of remote units receives a return alarm signal, passing the return alarm signal on the one of the two non-faulty transmission rings on which the return alarm signal was received: ring; and

globally selecting the one of the two non-faulty transmission rings ring on-which the return alarm signal was received to transmit traffic to the central unit and one either of the two first and the second transmission rings to receive traffic from the central unit.

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein when one of the plurality of remote units detects a facility failure on one of the two a faulty transmission rings ring comprises when one of the plurality of remote units receives a ring level failure alarm on one either of the two first or the second transmission rings.

- (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising: at the central unit, terminating received forward and return alarm signals.
- (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection in a network having a central unit and a plurality of remote units, comprising:

at the a central unit:

dual feeding traffic along a first and a second transmission ring to the a plurality of remote units; and

combining traffic received on the first and second transmission rings; and

at the <u>plurality of remote units</u>: <u>units</u>, <u>each of the plurality of remote units independently</u> <u>making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic::</u>

detecting a facility failure on the first a faulty transmission ring; transmitting a forward alarm signal on the first faulty transmission ring; transmitting a return alarm signal on the second a non-faulty transmission ring; globally selecting the first faulty transmission ring to transmit traffic; globally selecting the second non-faulty transmission ring to receive traffic;

when a forward alarm signal is received, globally selecting the one of the first or second faulty transmission rings ring earrying the forward alarm signal to transmit traffic and the other non-faulty ring to receive traffic; and

when a return alarm signal is received, globally selecting the one of the first or second non-faulty transmission rings ring earrying the return alarm signal to transmit traffic and one of the first or second transmission rings to receive traffic.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20, wherein detecting a facility failure on the first faulty transmission ring comprises receiving a ring level alarm signal on the first faulty transmission ring.
- (Original) The method of claim 20, further comprising: at the central unit, terminating received forward and return alarm signals.

- 23. (Currently Amended) A ring network, comprising:
  - a headend node;
- a plurality of network nodes; nodes, each of the plurality of network nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;

wherein the headend node and the plurality of network nodes are interconnected via a number of ring segments which form a first and a second transmission ring, wherein the headend node dual feeds data to the plurality of network nodes on the first and second transmission rings;

wherein when a failure is detected <u>on a faulty transmission ring</u> in one of the ring segments, adjacent ones of the plurality <u>of</u> network nodes transmit forward and return alarm signals;

wherein when a failure is detected or an <u>a forward</u> alarm signal is received by <del>one of the</del> plurality of <u>a first</u> network nodes node the receiving <u>first</u> network node selects <del>one of the first</del> and second the faulty transmission rings <u>ring</u> earrying the failure data or forward alarm signal to transmit traffic and the other <u>a non-faulty</u> ring to receive traffic; and

wherein when a return alarm signal is received by one of the plurality of a second network nodes; node, the receiving second network node selects the one of the first and second transmission rings earrying the return alarm signal non-faulty ring to transmit traffic and selects one of the first or second transmission rings to receive traffic.

- (Original) The network of claim 23, wherein alarm signals are terminated at the headend node.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A ring network, comprising:
  - a headend node;
- a plurality of network nodes; nodes, each of the plurality of network nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic;

wherein the headend node and the plurality of network nodes are interconnected via a number of ring segments which form a first and a second transmission ring, wherein the headend node dual feeds data to the plurality of network nodes on the first and second transmission rings; wherein when a facility failure is detected on the first a faulty transmission ring, adjacent network nodes transmit forward alarm signals on the first faulty transmission ring and return alarm signals on the second a non-faulty transmission ring;

wherein when a failure is detected or a forward alarm signal is received by one of the plurality of a first network nodes node, the one first network node selects the faulty transmission ring earrying the failure or forward alarm signal to transmit traffic and the other the non-faulty ring to receive traffic; and

wherein when a return alarm signal is received by one of the plurality of a second network nodes; node, the receiving second network node selects the non-faulty ring earrying the return alarm signal to transmit traffic and one of the first or second transmission rings to receive traffic.

- (Original) The network of claim 25, wherein the headend node terminates received alarm signals.
- 27. (Currently Amended) A ring network, comprising:

a plurality of network elements including a central unit and a number plurality of remote units; units, each of the plurality of remote units independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic:

a plurality of ring segments coupled between adjacent network elements to form first and second transmission rings, wherein the central unit transmits data on the first transmission ring in the a first direction and transmits the same identical data on the second transmission ring in a second direction;

wherein when a failure is detected on one of the first or second a faulty transmission rings; ring adjacent network elements transmit a forward alarm signal on the faulty transmission ring on which the failure was detected and a return alarm signal on the other a non-faulty transmission ring;

wherein when a failure is detected or a forward alarm signal is received by one of the

number of a first remote units, unit, the receiving first remote unit selects the faulty ring earrying

the failure data or alarm signal to transmit traffic and selects the other non-faulty ring to receive traffic; and

wherein when a return alarm signal is received by one of the number of a seond remote units, unit, the receiving second remote unit selects the non-faulty ring earrying the defect signal to transmit traffic and one of the first or second transmission rings to receive traffic.

- 28. (Original) The network of claim 27, wherein alarm signals are terminated at the central unit.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A ring network, comprising:

a plurality of network elements including a central unit and a number plurality of remote units; units, each of the plurality of remote units independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic:

a plurality of ring segments coupled between adjacent network elements to form first and second transmission rings, wherein the central unit transmits data on the first transmission ring in the a clockwise direction and transmits the same identical data on the second transmission ring in the a counter clockwise direction;

wherein when a failure is detected on both of the first and second transmission rings, an adjacent network elements transmit element transmits a forward alarm signal on the first faulty transmission ring on which the network element detected a failure and a return alarm signal on the other a second faulty transmission ring; and

wherein when a failure is detected or a forward alarm signal is received by one of the number of a receiving remote units; unit on the first faulty ring, the receiving remote unit selects the first faulty ring earrying the failure data or alarm signal to transmit traffic and selects the other the second faulty ring to receive traffic.

- (Original) The network of claim 29, wherein alarm signals are terminated at the central unit.
- (Currently Amended) A method of ring protection at a remote node in an access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on a first and a second transmission ring to a

## plurality of remote nodes, the method comprising:

when one of the a plurality of remote nodes receives a return alarm signal, each of the plurality of remote nodes being disposed in an access network having a head end node that dual feeds traffic on a first and a second transmission ring to the plurality of remote nodes, and each of the plurality of remote nodes independently making an initial selection of either of the first or the second transmission ring to feed traffic and of either of the first or the second transmission ring to receive traffic,

passing the return alarm signal on the <u>first</u> transmission ring <del>on which the return alarm signal was received;</del>

globally selecting the <u>first</u> transmission ring <del>on which the return alarm signal was received</del> to transmit traffic to the head end node; and

arbitrarily selecting one of the first or second transmission rings to receive traffic from the head end node.